Trigonometry MATH 122-001

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Test #3

Instructions: Answer all problems correctly. Calculators are NOT allowed. Each st*rred problem is extra credit, and each \star is worth 5 points. A maximum of 115 points (out of 100) will be awarded on this test.

1. (16 points) Spew forth some formulas. (Write the standard identities for the following.) (a) $\sin(x-y)$ (b) $\cos(a-b)$ (c) $\tan(\alpha - \beta)$ (d) $\sin 2\theta$ (e) $\cos 2A$ (write all three identities) (f) $\sin(x/2)$ (g) $\cos(\theta/2)$ (h) $\tan(A/2)$ (write at least two)

- 2. (6 points) (Thes again...) Simplify the following
 - (a) $\sin(-x)$
 - (b) $\tan(\pi + B)$
 - (c) $\sin(90^\circ + y)$
 - (d) $\cos(\pi x)$
 - (e) $\cos(270^\circ \theta)$
 - (f) $\tan(\pi/2 + A)$
- 3. (12 points) Assuming $\cos \theta = \frac{3}{4}$ and $\sin \beta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ and that $\theta \in \text{QI}$ and $\beta \in \text{QII}$, give exact 34 algebraic values for the following.
 - (a) $\cos(\theta + \beta)$

(b) $\tan(\theta - \beta)$





- 4. (12 points) Assuming $\cos \alpha = -2/3$ and $180^{\circ} < \alpha < 360^{\circ}$, give exact algebraic values for the following. 46
 - (a) $\cos(2\alpha)$

(b) $\cos(\alpha/2)$

- 5. (12 points) Assuming $\sin \alpha = -3/5$ and $180^{\circ} < \alpha < 270^{\circ}$, give exact algebraic values for the following. 58
 - (a) $\sin(2\alpha)$

(b) $\sin(\alpha/2)$



6. (8 points) Write the number

$\cos 170^{\circ} \sin 60^{\circ} - \sin 170^{\circ} \cos 60^{\circ}$

in the form of a single trig function of a single exact angle.

7. (8 points) Find an exact algebraic expression for cos 75°. (Use a sum-formula with some 74 familiar angles or a half-angle formula.)

8. ((8 points)	Find an exact	algebraic	expression	for $\tan 5\tau$	π/8.	(Use a ha	alf-angle fo	rmula.)	
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9. (8 points) Verify.

$$\frac{\tan A - \cot A}{\sec A + \csc A} = \sin A - \cos A$$

10. (8 points) Verify.

$$\frac{2\tan x}{1+\tan^2 x} = \sin 2x$$

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11. (8 points) Simplify.

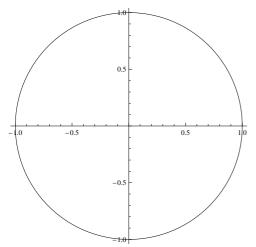
12. (8 points) Find the exact algebraic coordinates of the point obtained by rotating the point (2, -1) about the origin, counterclockwise through 60°.

$\star\star\star \quad \text{Extra Credit} \quad \star\star\star$ (You may do these on the back of the previous page if you wish.)

A.) (\star) Derive the product-to-sum formula for $\cos x \cos y$.

B.) (\star) The line y = 2x is rotated counterclockwise about the origin through an angle of 60°. Use identities involving tangents of sums to find the exact algebraic value of the slope of the line obtained.

C.) (\star) Appriximate, as accurately as you can, the degree measure of $\sin^{-1}(3/5)$. Two points are lost for each degree off. A brief explanation of your reasining could increase your score.



D.) $(\star \cdots \star)$ Ask a question you wish I had asked and answer it. Points will vary.